Link 1. Echinacea angustifolia Facts (Compiled by Robyn Klein)

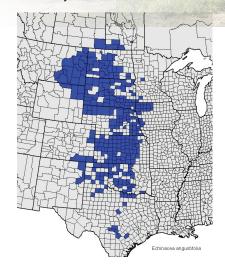
Echinacea is the Latin and common name of a wildflower native only to North America. Latin names are always italicized. The Genus is always capitalized and the species always in small letters.

Echinacea is mostly called purple coneflower, a native plant of the United States.

Echinacea from Montana is called coneflower, comb flower, snakeroot and many other names.

There are nine species of Echinacea:

Echinacea angustifolia (narrow-leaf coneflower)
Echinacea atrorubens (Topeka purple coneflower)
Echinacea laevigata (smooth coneflower)
Echinacea pallida (pale purple coneflower)
Echinacea paradoxa (yellow coneflower)
Echinacea purpurea (purple coneflower)
Echinacea sanguinea (sanguine coneflower)
Echinacea simulata (wavyleaf purple coneflower)
Echinacea tennesseensis (Tennessee coneflower)



The nine *Echinacea* species are endemic to eastern and central North America and into southern Canada. Among the nine species of *Echinacea* only one is native to Montana, *Echinacea angustifolia*.

The most commonly used Echinacea species are *Echinacea purpurea*, *E. angustifolia* and *E. pallida*. Of these three species, *E. purpurea* is the species most cultivated as a crop. This non-native species of *Echinacea* is often what people grow in their gardens.

Echinacea angustifolia is considered medicinally superior, but that is debatable according to current scientific research.

The only native species of *Echinacea* found in Montana is *Echinacea angustifolia*.

There are fourteen Montana counties where *Echinacea angustifolia* has been documented: Big Horn, Carter, Custer, Dawson, Fallon, Garfield, McCone, Powder River, Richland, Roosevelt, Rosebud, Sheridan, Wibaux, Yellowstone.

For more information of the distribution of *Echinacea* species (by species) you may check out: http://kindscher.faculty.ku.edu/research/ethnobotany/distribution-maps-for-echinacea-species